

00063647-0001  
T02207-10125

## TEXTURE ENGINE STATE VARIABLE SYNCHRONIZER

### Background of the Invention

- [0001] The present invention relates to high performance texture mapping in a graphics processor. More specifically, the invention relates to a method and apparatus for maintaining the consistency of state variables used by parallel texture pipelines in a multi-pipeline texture engine, regardless of whether the texture engine is processing a single texture or a blend of different textures.
- [0002] As is known, a graphics processor may be organized as a pipeline, comprising a sequence of processing elements that together generate a picture image composed of graphics objects. The specific processing elements of a pipelined graphics processor may vary. A pipelined graphics processor may contain a texture engine for the purpose of applying textures to the surfaces of graphics polygons. The individual components of a texture engine may themselves be arranged in a pipeline as well, thereby achieving additional efficiency. Such pipelined texture engines may be programmed using state variables. As each polygon moves through the various stages of the texture engine pipeline, the values of the programmer-supplied state variables may determine the specific textures to be used by the pipeline, as well as the individual texture operations the texture engine may perform to process the polygon. The final product of a texture engine may consist of an output stream of texels corresponding to the picture elements of texture-mapped polygons.



multiple texture pipelines require an added level of complexity over the corresponding interfaces and control signals found in single texture pipelines. Additionally, graphics software that has been designed to utilize a single texture pipeline interface may be ineffective or inoperable in a multiple texture pipeline architecture.

[0009] Accordingly, there is a need in the art for a technique to support a multiple texture pipeline architecture using the same programming and control interface that supports a single texture pipeline architecture. More specifically, there is a need in the art for a technique to maintain the consistency of control signals and programmer-supplied state variables that together control the operation of independent texture pipelines in a multiple texture pipeline architecture using a single texture pipeline software interface. Additionally, there is a need in the art to maintain the consistency of state variables used by independent texture pipelines, while allowing a programmer to create all possible sequences of single texture and multiple texture effects. Finally, there is a need in the art for a mechanism that reduces power consumed by multiple texture pipelines when only a single texture pipeline is required.

#### **Brief Description Of The Drawings**

- [0010] FIG. 1 is a high-level block diagram of a computer system incorporating a computer graphics device, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- [0011] FIG. 2 is block diagram of a computer graphics device incorporating multiple texture pipelines, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- [0012] FIG. 3 is a high-level block diagram of a set of texture pipelines constructed in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- [0013] FIG. 4 is a block diagram of the primary elements of a texture engine state variable synchronizer, according to an embodiment of the present invention.
- [0014] FIG. 5 is a flow diagram illustrating the operation of the state variable synchronizing control logic according to an embodiment of the present invention.

### Detailed Description

[0015] Embodiments of the present invention provide a mechanism for maintaining the consistency of polygon state variables that are shared between parallel texture pipelines. According to an embodiment, the mechanism ensures that, as polygons are processed by a multiple pipeline texture engine, the state variables associated with each polygon are continually supplied in parallel to each texture pipeline, regardless of whether the texture engine is processing a polygon having a single texture (which may require only one pipeline) or a blend of different textures (which may employ multiple pipelines to process different textures of the polygon synchronously). When the texture engine processes a blend of different textures, an embodiment activates multiple texture pipelines. However, when the texture engine processes a polygon having only a single texture, an embodiment of the invention continues to supply multiple texture pipelines with identical state variables, but the invention selectively advances the processing portion of only one texture pipeline, without advancing the processing portion of other texture pipelines. This technique provides for more efficient use of the texture engine by employing only one texture pipeline for single texture operations, thus saving power. Additionally, because the state variables are supplied in parallel to all texture pipelines simultaneously, switching between a single texture operation and a multiple texture operation may occur without additional setup procedures and without an associated delay. The embodiment further permits control through a single pipeline control interface, thus enabling a multiple pipeline texture engine to be incorporated into a graphics system that previously supported only a single pipeline texture engine, without the need to modify previously-developed graphics software.

[0016] Embodiments of the present invention contemplate the integration of multiple texture pipeline components constructed according to architectures that are known in the art. Additionally, the design of the present invention may be used cooperatively with known architectures and interfaces. For convenience and ease of illustration, several embodiments of the present invention describe only two component texture pipelines. Without loss of generality, it can be appreciated that multiple texture pipelines are covered by these teachings and fall within the spirit and scope of the appended claims.

[0017] FIG. 1 is a high-level block diagram of a computer system incorporating a computer graphics device, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. The system may include a bus 140 in communication with various processors 110, a system memory module 130, and a computer graphics device 120 incorporating a texture engine state variable synchronizer according to other embodiments of the present invention.

[0018] FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a computer graphics device 120 (see FIG. 1) incorporating multiple texture pipelines according to an embodiment of the present invention. The graphics device 120 may include a setup unit 220, a set of multiple texture pipelines 230, a color interpolator 240, and a color-texture blender 250. The setup unit 220 may receive polygon data and corresponding state variables through a polygon setup data stream 210 and may in turn supply the received state variables to the set of texture pipelines 230. The setup unit 220 may also supply received polygon data to the set of texture pipelines 230 through a separate interface. The setup unit 220 further may supply polygon color data to the color interpolator 240. As polygons are processed by the set of texture pipelines 230 and the color interpolator 240, the generated texture elements (texels) and interpolated color and Z buffer information may be blended in the color-texture blender 250 to form the final colors of the generated pixels.

[0019] FIG. 3 is a high-level block diagram of a set of texture pipelines constructed in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 3 further illustrates the interaction between the setup unit 220 and the set of texture pipelines 230 first presented in FIG. 2. As is known, texture pipelines may accumulate and queue programmer-supplied state variables and polygon data that together describe various graphics and texture operations for defined polygons. Accordingly, when the setup unit 220 receives data via the polygon setup data stream 210, the setup unit 220 may forward state variables 360 to texture pipeline A 310 via state variable queue A 320. Simultaneously, the setup unit 220 may also forward the same state variables 360 to texture pipeline B 330 via state variable queue B 340. Additionally, the setup unit 220 may forward polygon data 350 to each texture pipeline A 310 and B 330 via known texture pipeline data channels. As is also known, a texture pipeline may comprise a plurality of processing sections, each of which may perform a different texture-related

operation on a polygon, as governed by one or more programmer-supplied state variables 360.

[0020] The individual stages of each processing section in a texture pipeline may each be directed by a separate state variable queue. For example, texture pipeline A 310 may have a first processing section controlled by state variable queue A 320 and a second processing section controlled by state variable queue A' 325. Similarly, texture pipeline B 330 may have a first processing section controlled by state variable queue B 340 and a second processing section controlled by state variable queue B' 345.

[0021] Each individual stage of a processing section in a texture pipeline may be associated with a corresponding stage of its associated state variable queue. As polygon data advances through the stages of a processing section of a texture pipeline (and possibly is operated upon by these stages), the state variable data may advance through the corresponding stages of the associated state variable queue. Thus, continuing to refer to FIG. 3, the individual stages of state variable queue A 320 may correspond to individual stages of a first processing section of texture pipeline A 310. Similarly, the individual stages of state variable queue A' 325 may correspond to individual stages of a second processing section of texture pipeline A 310. Likewise, the individual stages of state variable queue B 340 may correspond to individual stages of a first processing section of texture pipeline B 330. In the same way, the individual stages of state variable queue B' 345 may correspond to individual stages of a second processing section of texture pipeline B 330.

[0022] According to an embodiment, each state variable queue may receive state variables 360 substantially simultaneously. Thus, state variable queues A 320 and A' 325, as well as state variable queues B 340 and B' 345 may each receive state variables 360 at the same time.

[0023] According to an embodiment illustrated in FIG. 4, the setup unit 220 may control the operation of the state variable synchronizer. The setup unit 220 may receive a polygon setup data stream 210 comprising a plurality of polygons 350 (FIG. 3) and associated state variables 360 (FIGS. 2-3). State variables 360 may contain primitive polygon drawing attributes including, for example, transparency values and texturing instructions.



selectively enabling the processing portions of the individual state variable queues as required to achieve the desired texture effects. For single texture operations, the processing portion of only one state variable queue may be enabled. Alternatively, for multiple texture operations, a multiple of state variable queues may be enabled substantially simultaneously.

[0028] As is also illustrated in FIG. 4, an embodiment of the present invention may employ the setup unit 220 to assert three different control signals. The setup unit 220 may assert the state variable advance signal 420 to cause the state variables, which have been received in state variable accumulators A 450 and B 470, to be transferred simultaneously to their respective state variable latching registers A 455 and B 475. Thus, the state variable advance signal 420 affects all state variable queues at substantially the same time.

[0029] In contrast, pipeline advance signals 430 and 440 may operate individually to activate only the texture processing portions of each respective texture pipeline. According to an embodiment, each of these signals may cause the state variables contained in a state variable latching register to be transferred to a corresponding state variable FIFO, from which a pipelined texture operation will be controlled. Thus, as illustrated in FIG. 4, pipeline A advance signal 430 may initiate the texture processing operation of state variable queue A 320. When asserted, this signal may cause the state variables contained in state variable latching register A 455 to be transferred to state variable FIFO A 460. Similarly, pipeline B advance signal 440 may cause the state variables contained in state variable latching register B 475 to be transferred to state variable FIFO B 480.

[0030] FIG. 5 is a flow diagram illustrating the operation of the state variable control logic according to an embodiment of the present invention. The operation may begin when the state variable control logic is initialized (505) and the texture engine begins to accept input from the polygon setup data stream (510). According to an embodiment, when a state variable is received (520), the setup unit 220 (FIG. 4) may forward that state variable simultaneously to the state variable accumulators of each texture pipeline (530). Similarly, if polygon data is received (520), the setup unit 220 may finalize polygon parameter calculations for each pipeline (540), and then forward the finalized polygon data simultaneously to each texture pipeline (550). Once a polygon





a single texture operation, only one texture may be indicated. On the other hand, in a multi-texture operation, several different textures may be indicated by the state variables. To determine which texture pipeline may process each indicated texture, the otherwise identical texture pipelines may be furnished with a unique constant identifier. While processing a polygon, each texture pipeline may then use its unique identifier to determine which texture to process. The following logical equations illustrate the mechanism by which a texture pipeline may determine whether to process a first texture or a second texture:

[0033]           do\_texture\_1 := sv\_texture\_1\_enabled && (pipe\_id == A)

[0034]           do\_texture\_2 := sv\_texture\_1\_enabled && sv\_texture\_2\_enabled && (pipe\_id == B)

[0035]           In this embodiment, only texture pipeline A 310 (FIG. 3) will process texture 1. Likewise, only texture pipeline B 330 (FIG. 3) will process texture 2. Furthermore texture pipeline A 310 will process texture 1 only when Boolean variable "sv\_texture\_1\_enabled" has been set in each pipeline. Similarly, texture pipeline B 330 will process texture 2 only when each Boolean variable "sv\_texture\_1\_enabled" and "sv\_texture\_2\_enabled" has been set. It can be appreciated that this embodiment will enable texture pipeline A 310 to process a single texture operation. Similarly, this embodiment will enable texture pipeline A 310 and texture pipeline B 330 to process multi-texture operations.

[0036]           Several embodiments of the present invention are specifically illustrated and described herein. However, it will be appreciated that modifications and variations of the present invention are covered by the above teachings and within the purview of the appended claims without departing from the spirit and intended scope of the invention.